1	н. в. 2341
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3 4 5	(By Delegates Fleischauer, Manypenny, Marshall, Martin, Barker, Longstreth and D. Poling)
6	[Introduced January 12, 2011; referred to the
7	Committee on Political Subdivisions then the Judiciary.]
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10	A BILL to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by
11	adding thereto a new article, designated $\$8-15B-1$, $\$8-15B-2$,
12	\$8-15B-3, $$8-15B-4$ and $$8-15B-5$, all relating to meeting and
13	conference rights for members of police or fire departments
14	employed by political subdivisions; providing for the right of
15	these members to self-organization; allowing designation of an
16	exclusive representative agent; imposing a duty to meet and
17	confer with employees; allowing deduction of employee
18	organization dues and assessments; providing for compulsory
19	arbitration of disputes; listing prohibited acts; allowing
20	hearing before Civil Service Commission; providing judicial
21	review; specifying powers and duties of the Civil Service
22	Commission; and allowing injunctive relief.
23	Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:
24	That the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended
25	by adding thereto a new article, designated $\$8-15B-1$, $\$8-15B-2$, $\$8-15B-1$

- 1 15B-3, $\S 8-15B-4$ and $\S 8-15B-5$, all to read as follows:
- 2 ARTICLE 15B. MEETING AND CONFERENCE RIGHTS FOR MEMBERS OF POLICE
- 3 OR FIRE DEPARTMENTS.
- 4 §8-15B-1. Definitions.
- 5 As used in this article:
- 6 (a) "Commission" means the policemen's or firemen's Civil
- 7 Service Commission provided in article fourteen or fifteen of this
- 8 chapter.
- 9 (b) "Employee organization" means any association,
- 10 organization, federation or council composed of police officers or
- 11 firefighters having as one of its purposes the representation of
- 12 its members in negotiations with a political subdivision.
- 13 (c) "Firefighter" means any person, other than a fire chief,
- 14 employed as a fireman on a full-time basis by a political
- 15 <u>subdivision</u> if the person is covered by the civil service
- 16 provisions of article fifteen of this chapter.
- 17 (d) "Policeman" means any person, other than a police chief,
- 18 employed as a police officer on a full-time basis by a political
- 19 subdivision if the person is covered by the civil service
- 20 provisions of article fourteen of this chapter.
- 21 <u>(e) "Political subdivision" means, and is limited to, any</u>
- 22 municipality within the state.
- 23 (f) "Strike" means the failure to report for duty as a result
- 24 of concerted action with an employee organization, the willful

- 1 absence from one's position, the stoppage of work or the
- 2 abstinence, in whole or in part, from the full, faithful and proper
- 3 performance of the duties of employment or any manner of
- 4 interference with the operation of any police or fire department of
- 5 <u>a political subdivision for the purpose of inducing</u>, influencing or
- 6 coercing a change in the conditions or compensation or the rights,
- 7 privileges or obligations of employment.

8 §8-15B-2. Right to self-organization and exclusive representation;

- 9 dues.
- 10 (a) Firefighters and policemen have, and are protected in the
- 11 exercise of, the right of self-organization to form and join any
- 12 employee organization, to meet and confer with their employers
- 13 through representatives of their own choosing on questions of
- 14 wages, hours and other conditions of employment, except to strike,
- 15 for the purpose of contracting for rights, free from actual
- 16 interference, restraint or coercion: Provided, That an employee
- 17 organization duly designated to represent the firefighters or
- 18 policemen employed by a political subdivision shall be the
- 19 exclusive contracting agent for all firefighters or policemen so
- 20 employed. The organization shall act, negotiate agreements and
- 21 contract for rights for all firefighters or policemen and is
- 22 responsible for representing the interests of all firefighters or
- 23 policemen.
- 24 (b) An employee organization claiming to represent a majority

1 of the firefighters or policemen of a political subdivision shall 2 be recognized as the exclusive contracting agent by the political 3 subdivision upon the presentation of a petition or other document 4 in which a majority of the firefighters or policemen employed by 5 the political subdivision designates the employee organization as 6 their exclusive contracting agent. In the event that a political 7 subdivision has a good faith doubt as to the majority status of the 8 employee organization it shall, within thirty days of the receipt 9 of the petition or document, request its Civil Service Commission 10 to conduct a secret ballot election within thirty days of the 11 receipt of the request. The commission shall certify the results 12 of the election within three days after the election. Following 13 recognition or certification and, upon the written authorization of 14 any firefighter or policeman, the political subdivision shall 15 deduct from the payroll of the firefighter or policeman the monthly 16 amount of dues or assessments of the employee organization as 17 certified by the secretary of the employee organization and shall 18 deliver the same to the employee organization's treasurer no later 19 than the last day of the month following the deduction.

- 20 <u>\$8-15B-3</u>. Board of arbitration; duty to meet and confer with

 21 <u>employees and arbitrate; procedures.</u>
- 22 <u>(a) The political subdivision and the employee organization</u>
 23 <u>recognized or certified as the exclusive contracting agent shall</u>
 24 <u>contract for all employees' rights.</u> Representatives of the

1 political subdivision and the employee organization shall meet at 2 reasonable times, including meetings appropriately related to the 3 budget making process, and shall confer in good faith with respect 4 to wages, hours and other conditions of employment, or the 5 negotiation of an agreement or any questions arising thereunder, 6 and shall execute a written contract incorporating any agreement 7 reached, and neither party may be compelled to agree to a proposal 8 or make a concession. (b) If, after a reasonable period of negotiations concerning 10 wages, hours and other conditions of employment, a dispute exists 11 between the political subdivision and the employee organization, or 12 if no agreement has been reached on wages, hours and other 13 conditions of employment sixty days prior to the final date for the 14 setting of the budget of the political subdivision, either party or 15 the parties jointly may request arbitration of the issue or issues 16 in dispute by a board of arbitration. The board of arbitration 17 shall be composed of three persons, one appointed by the political 18 subdivision, one appointed by the employee organization and a third 19 member to be agreed upon by the parties. The members of the board 20 representing the political subdivision and the employee 21 organization shall be named within five days from the date of the 22 request for the appointment of the board. If, after a period of 23 five days from the date of the appointment of the two arbitrators 24 appointed by the political subdivision and the employee

1 organization, the third arbitrator has not been mutually agreed 2 upon, then either arbitrator may request the federal mediation and 3 conciliation service to furnish a list of five members from its 4 list of arbitrators. Within five days after the receipt of the 5 list, the representative of the political subdivision and the 6 employee organization shall each strike two names from the list. 7 The individual whose name remains on the list is the third 8 arbitrator. The third arbitrator is the chairman of the board of 9 arbitration. 10 (c) The chairman of the board of arbitration shall establish 11 reasonable dates and places of hearing. Any hearings involved 12 shall be conducted in accordance with the rules established for 13 arbitration by the American arbitration association. The rules of 14 evidence promulgated by the Supreme Court of Appeals do not apply. 15 The chairman may issue subpoenas and administer oaths. Upon 16 completion of the hearings and within fifteen days, the board of 17 arbitration shall make findings of fact and render a decision. The 18 decision is final and binding upon both parties, except as provided 19 in subsection (d) of this section. The compensation, if any, for 20 the appointed arbitrator will be paid by the political subdivision. 21 The compensation and expenses of the third arbitrator, as well as 22 all stenographic and other expenses incurred by the arbitration 23 board in connection with arbitration proceedings, shall be paid 24 equally by the parties.

- 1 (d) Prior to invoking the arbitration procedure provided in
- 2 this article, the political subdivision and the employee
- 3 organization shall submit to each other a final settlement offer on
- 4 all unresolved issues. The arbitration panel is limited, after
- 5 hearing, to resolving the dispute by adopting, on an issue by issue
- 6 basis, the final offer of either the political subdivision or the
- 7 employee organization. In making its decision, the panel shall
- 8 consider the following:
- 9 (1) Prior agreements, if any, between the political
- 10 subdivision and the employee organization;
- 11 (2) Comparison of the issues submitted to final offer
- 12 settlement relative to the employees in the contracting unit
- 13 involved with those issues related to other public and private
- 14 employees doing comparable work, giving consideration to factors
- 15 peculiar to the area and classification involved;
- 16 (3) The interests and welfare of the public, the ability of
- 17 the public employer to finance and administer the issues proposed
- 18 and the effect of the adjustments on the normal standard of public
- 19 service;
- 20 <u>(4) The lawful authority of the public employer;</u>
- 21 (5) Any stipulations of the political subdivision and the
- 22 employee organization;
- 23 (6) Any other factors, not confined to those listed in this
- 24 section, which are normally or traditionally taken into

- 1 consideration in the determination of issues submitted to final
- 2 offer settlement through voluntary conference, mediation, fact-
- 3 finding or other impasse resolution procedures in public service or
- 4 in private employment.
- 5 (e) Any arbitration decision as well as any written agreement
- 6 between a political subdivision and an employee organization
- 7 determining the terms and conditions of employment of firefighters
- 8 and policemen shall contain the following notice: "It is agreed by
- 9 the parties that any provision contained herein requiring
- 10 legislative action to permit its implementation by amendment of law
- 11 or by providing the additional funds therefor, will not become
- 12 effective until the appropriate legislative body has given
- 13 approval."
- 14 §8-15B-4. Prohibited acts; hearings.
- 15 (a) Political subdivisions are prohibited from:
- 16 (1) Interfering with, restraining or coercing firefighters or
- 17 policemen in the exercise of their rights guaranteed by this
- 18 article;
- 19 (2) Dominating or interfering with the formation or
- 20 administration of any employee organization;
- 21 (3) Discharging or otherwise discriminating against a
- 22 firefighter or policeman because he or she has signed or filed any
- 23 petition, affidavit or complaint or given information or testimony
- 24 pursuant to this article;

- 1 (4) Refusing to meet and confer in good faith with any
- 2 employee organization which has been recognized or certified as the
- 3 exclusive contracting agent of the firefighters or policemen;
- 4 (5) Refusing to discuss grievances with the agent of the
- 5 policemen or firefighters; or
- 6 (6) Refusing to abide by a valid arbitration decision.
- 7 (b) Employee organizations are prohibited from:
- 8 (1) Restraining or coercing a firefighter or policeman in the
- 9 exercise of his or her rights guaranteed under this article;
- 10 (2) Causing or attempting to cause a political subdivision to
- 11 discriminate against a firefighter or policeman in violation of
- 12 subsection (a) of this section;
- 13 (3) Refusing to meet and confer in good faith with a political
- 14 subdivision;
- 15 (4) Striking against or withholding their members' services
- 16 from a political subdivision: Provided, That firefighters or
- 17 policemen who are absent from work without permission are presumed
- 18 to have engaged in a strike unless evidence of illness or other
- 19 good cause is presented by each firefighter or policeman for each
- 20 <u>absence; or</u>
- 21 (5) Refusing to abide by a valid arbitration decision.
- 22 (c) Any firefighter or policeman who engages in a concerted
- 23 strike against a political subdivision or withholds services from
- 24 a political subdivision shall be suspended from duty for a period

- 1 <u>not to exceed six months without pay</u>, and the employee organization 2 to which any striking firefighter or policeman belongs shall lose
- 3 its right for six months to have the monthly amount of dues
- 4 withheld for all of its members' pay by the employer. The
- 5 treasurer or chief financial officer of the political subdivision
- 6 may not issue any warrant or check to any suspended firefighter or
- 7 policeman for the payment of wages which might otherwise be payable
- 8 <u>during that period</u>, nor may the <u>treasurer or chief financial</u>
- 9 officer issue any warrant or check for the monthly amount of dues
- 10 of members of the employee organization to that organization as
- 11 required by subsection (b), section two of this article.
- 12 (d) Any private citizen of a political subdivision against
- 13 which a prohibited act has been committed may seek a writ of
- 14 mandamus or any other remedy which is authorized by law to enforce
- 15 compliance with this subdivision by any treasurer or chief
- 16 financial officer.
- (e) (1) Any firefighter or policeman, employee organization or
- 18 political subdivision which has reasonable cause to believe that a
- 19 violation of this section has occurred may file a complaint with
- 20 the commission and serve a copy on each person, employee
- 21 organization or political subdivision involved.
- 22 (2) The commission may make and enter an order dismissing the
- 23 complaint or may conduct an investigation or hold a hearing on the
- 24 complaint. The firefighter or policeman, employee organization or

- 1 political subdivision so complained of have the right to file an
- 2 answer to the complaint, or any amended complaints, within twenty
- 3 days after the service of the complaint. If a hearing is ordered,
- 4 the commission shall set the time and place for the hearing, which
- 5 time and place may be changed by the commission at the request of
- 6 one of the parties for good cause shown.
- 7 (3) The firefighter or policeman, employee organization or
- 8 political subdivision may appear in person or otherwise defend
- 9 against the complaint. In the discretion of the commission any
- 10 other person may be allowed to intervene in the proceedings.
- 11 (4) The commission is not bound by the rules of evidence
- 12 promulgated by the Supreme Court of Appeals and the commissioner
- 13 has the power of subpoena and to administer oaths. A transcript of
- 14 the testimony taken at any hearing before the commission shall be
- 15 filed in the office of the commission, and be opened for inspection
- 16 by either of the parties or their authorized representatives. The
- 17 commission shall bear the cost of producing the transcript.
- (f) (1) If, upon all the testimony and evidence, the commission
- 19 determines that a prohibited practice has been committed, it shall
- 20 state its findings of fact in writing and shall issue and cause to
- 21 be served on the party committing the prohibited practice an order
- 22 requiring the employee organization or the political subdivision to
- 23 cease and desist from the prohibited practice. The commission may
- 24 take any further affirmative action as will comply with the

- 1 provisions of this section, including, but not limited to, the
- 2 withdrawal of certification of an employee organization established
- 3 by or assisted in its establishment by any prohibited practice.
- 4 (2) If, upon all the testimony and evidence, the commission
- 5 determines that a prohibited practice has not been or is not being
- 6 committed, it shall state its findings of fact and conclusions of
- 7 law and shall issue an order dismissing the complaint.
- 8 (g) In the event that a firefighter or policeman, employee
- 9 organization or political subdivision refuses to comply with an
- 10 order from the commission and fails to appeal the order as
- 11 hereinafter provided, the commission shall request the Attorney
- 12 General of West Virginia to seek injunctive relief in the circuit
- 13 court of the county where the prohibited act was or is being
- 14 committed.
- 15 §8-15B-5. Judicial review.
- 16 (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b) of this
- 17 section, any party adversely affected by an order of the commission
- 18 is entitled to appeal a decision of the commission to circuit
- 19 court, as provided in article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this
- 20 code.
- 21 (b) An action appealing a decision of the commission may only
- 22 be initiated in the circuit court where the political subdivision
- 23 is located. The appeal must be filed within ninety days from the
- 24 date of the entry by the commission of its final order. Upon an

- 1 appeal being taken and docketed with the clerk of the circuit
- 2 court, the circuit court shall proceed to hear the appeal upon the
- 3 original record made before the commission. Any party adversely
- 4 affected by a decision and final order of the circuit court has the
- 5 right to petition the Supreme Court of Appeals for a review of the
- 6 decision of the circuit court, as in other civil cases.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to provide meetings and conference rights for members of municipal police and fire departments. The bill also creates duties for the policemen and firefighters' Civil Service Commissions.

This article is new; therefore, it has been completely underscored.